

SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION 480—RECOGNIZING THE STRATEGIC IMPORTANCE OF THE AFRICAN CONTINENT AND WELCOMING THE ESTABLISHMENT OF AFRICOM, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Mr. INHOFE (for himself, Mr. MARTINEZ, Mr. BROWNBACK, Mr. HAGEL, Mr. ALLARD, Mr. ISAKSON, Mr. WARNER, Mr. VOINOVICH, Mr. HATCH, Mrs. DOLE, and Mr. CHAMBLISS) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations:

S. RES. 480

Whereas the United States provides nearly \$9 billion in assistance to Africa each year, with programs ranging from providing humanitarian relief to strengthening health and education systems, breaking down trade barriers and promoting economic development, combating corruption and other illicit activities, and promoting critical democratic, judicial, and human rights reforms;

Whereas the United States also provides significant resources to promote security on the African continent, particularly through programs such as the Global Peace Operations Initiative (GPOI), the African Contingency Operations Training and Assistance (ACOTA) program, the Trans-Sahara Counter-Terrorism Partnership (TSCTP), Anti-Terrorism Assistance (ATA), International Military Education and Training (IMET) and Enhanced International Military and Training (E-IMET) programs, Foreign Military Financing (FMF), Contributions to International Peacekeeping (CIPA), International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement programs, and Non-Proliferation Anti-terrorism, Demining, and related programs;

Whereas United States military and security assistance programs in Africa represent approximately 3 percent of the United States' total \$9 billion aid and development package for Africa;

Whereas in 2003, the Armed Forces of the United States were instrumental in helping to bring stability to war-torn Liberia;

Whereas roughly 2,000 members of the United States Armed Forces currently are stationed at Camp Lemonier in Djibouti as part of the Combined Joint Task Force—Horn of Africa (CJTF-HOA) to promote regional stability and prevent conflict in the region;

Whereas the African continent faces unique development and security challenges requiring unique United States policy approaches;

Whereas development and prosperity in Africa are inextricably linked to peace and stability;

Whereas the Department of Defense historically has divided Africa among three separate combatant commands: the U.S. European Command, the U.S. Central Command and the U.S. Pacific Command;

Whereas in February 2007, the President announced his decision to create a unified command for Africa, the U.S. Africa Command, or "AFRICOM", to provide a more holistic approach toward United States military relations, programs, and activities on the continent under a single headquarters staff;

Whereas the stated purpose of AFRICOM is to "promote U.S. National Security objectives by working with African states and regional organizations to help strengthen stability and security," while simultaneously streamlining United States security assist-

ance programs and eliminating bureaucratic divisions;

Whereas pursuant to that objective, AFRICOM will seek to "[build] partnership capacities, [conduct] theater security cooperation, [build] important counter-terrorism skills and, as appropriate, [support] U.S. Government agencies in implementing other programs that promote regional stability";

Whereas unlike other commands, AFRICOM's structure will include a military commander and a civilian deputy, and is expected to include civilian personnel from a variety of Federal departments and agencies, including staff detailed from the Department of State and the United States Agency for International Development (USAID) to contribute to the command's planning and to ensure that its activities are "compatible and integrated" with other United States Government efforts;

Whereas AFRICOM is expected to support, not shape, United States foreign policy in Africa;

Whereas AFRICOM serves as an important acknowledgment of the strategic importance of the African continent, as well as an opportunity to help African nations and regional institutions build a safe and secure environment in which they can prosper;

Whereas communicating the purposes of AFRICOM to African governments and citizens is an important challenge;

Whereas AFRICOM was formally established in Stuttgart, Germany, on October 1, 2007; and

Whereas AFRICOM is expected to reach full operating capacity by October 1, 2008: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) recognizes the strategic importance of the African continent and welcomes the establishment of the U.S. Africa Command (AFRICOM) in Stuttgart, Germany, on October 1, 2007, toward that end;

(2) urges the Department of Defense, the Department of State, and USAID to work collaboratively and consult with African partners to address any concerns regarding conception or implementation of AFRICOM's mandate, including through rigorous public diplomacy; and

(3) encourages African nations to take advantage of the opportunity which AFRICOM represents to collaborate in promoting peace and stability on the continent.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 4186. Mr. BUNNING (for himself and Mr. ENZI) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 70, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2009 and including the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2008 and 2010 through 2013; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4187. Mr. BUNNING submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 70, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4188. Mr. BUNNING (for himself, Mr. NELSON, of Nebraska, and Mr. DEMINT) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 70, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4189. Mr. GREGG (for Mr. SPECTER (for himself and Mr. CRAIG)) proposed an amendment to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 70, supra.

SA 4190. Mr. CONRAD proposed an amendment to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 70, supra.

SA 4191. Mr. KYL (for himself and Mr. HATCH) proposed an amendment to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 70, supra.

SA 4192. Mr. BUNNING submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 70, supra.

SA 4193. Mr. KENNEDY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 70, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4194. Mrs. LINCOLN (for herself, Ms. SNOWE, Ms. MIKULSKI, Mr. PRYOR, Mr. BIDEN, Mrs. CLINTON, Mr. LIEBERMAN, and Mr. VOINOVICH) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 70, supra.

SA 4195. Mrs. LINCOLN (for herself and Ms. SNOWE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 70, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4196. Mr. CONRAD (for Mr. SALAZAR) proposed an amendment to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 70, supra.

SA 4197. Mr. KOHL (for himself, Mr. DOMENICI, Mrs. LINCOLN, Mr. WHITEHOUSE, Mr. BINGAMAN, Mrs. CLINTON, Mr. COLEMAN, Ms. STABENOW, Mr. LEVIN, and Mr. CASEY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 70, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4198. Mr. DORGAN (for himself, Mr. BINGAMAN, Mr. JOHNSON, and Mr. FEINGOLD) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 70, supra.

SA 4199. Mr. DORGAN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 70, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4200. Mr. DORGAN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 70, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4201. Mr. DODD (for himself, Ms. COLLINS, and Mr. LIEBERMAN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 70, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4202. Mr. SCHUMER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 70, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4203. Mr. GREGG (for Mr. SPECTER (for himself, Mr. HARKIN, Ms. SNOWE, Ms. COLLINS, Mr. CASEY, Mr. KENNEDY, Mrs. DOLE, Ms. MIKULSKI, Mrs. CLINTON, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. SUNUNU, Mr. DODD, Mr. INOUE, Mr. BROWN, Mr. MENENDEZ, Ms. STABENOW, Mr. COLEMAN, Mr. KERRY, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. STEVENS, Mr. SMITH, Mr. BINGAMAN, Mr. COCHRAN, Mr. CARDIN, Mr. ROCKEFELLER, Mr. OBAMA, Mrs. LINCOLN, and Mr. LAUTENBERG)) proposed an amendment to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 70, supra.

SA 4204. Mr. CONRAD proposed an amendment to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 70, supra.

SA 4205. Mr. BARRASSO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 70, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4206. Mr. BARRASSO (for himself and Mr. ENZI) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 70, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4207. Mr. ALEXANDER (for himself and Mr. DOMENICI) proposed an amendment to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 70, supra.

SA 4208. Mrs. DOLE (for herself, Mr. GRASSLEY, and Mr. VITTER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 70, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.